MRI in RT Department - Initial Experience







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Odense University Hospital, Radiophysics Laboratory



Radio Physics Laboratory

- 14 Physicists
- 13 Radiographers
- 2 IT Employees
- 7 Electronic Technicians
- 1 Engineer
- 1 Laboratory Assistant
- 1 Secretary



Radio Physics Laboratory & Radiotherapy Department

8 accelerators

- 2 Elekta Precise (iView GT, ABC)
- 3 Elekta Synergy (XVI 4.5)
- 1 Elekta "Versa HD" (Agility, [FFF, Response])
- 2 Elekta Versa HD (Agility, HexaPod, [FFF, Response])
- 2 CT-scanners (Siemens Volume Zoom and Philips Big Bore)
- Access to 4 PET/CT
- 1 MR-scanner (August 2013 Philips Ingenia 1.5T)
- 1 Superficial kV-unit (Xstrahl 100)
- Afterloading Elekta/Nucletron microSelectron PDR
- TPS Pinnacle 9.10 (SmartEnterprise) + Oncentra Brachy
- Dosimetry PTW, Sun Nuclear (Arc Check)
- Mosaiq 2.4 and Data Director (PACS)





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Cancer Doctors need millions for equipment

26-09-2010 Head Physician Olfred Hansen

In contrast to patients in Vejle, Aarhus and Copenhagen there are as many as 200 cancer patients per year in Odense that recieve only "second best treatment" because the cancer department lacks the necessary equipment





Region South Denmark Health Committee - Minutes 23-11-2010

Point 6. Medico Technical means of cancer treatment specifically at OUH - Odense University Hospital

In reaction to the report of an Executive at the University Hospital in connection with their 2011 ranking of purchase medical devices, it is decided that an MRI simulator has been given first priority – it will therefore most likely be purchased and in operation at the University Hospital in the spring of 2011.

Comprehensive course of treatment

Radiation Therapy/Department R will share the new MRI scanner with the Department of Radiology, where the scanner will be used for radiation planning, heart studies in collaboration with the Department of Radiology's diagnostic scans

The new scanner gives the department the possibility of increased use of MRI scans to several groups of patients who need radiation therapy.

The advantage of having an MRI scanner in the department, is that the entire treatment planning process takes place in our department

25. February 2011

First department meeting MR requirement and specifications outlined

6. May 2011

MR- requirements and specifications released for offers

Torsdag 18 August 2011

Presentation of offers from three vendors

August/September 2011

On site inspections

Philips Ingenia 1.5 Tesla

Cost of seven million Danish krone

A further cost of eight million in software and other equipment.

Magnet weight 3060 kg

Open Bore diameter 70 cm

Maximum FOV 55 cm

Typical homogeneity to 55 x 55 x 50 cm≤ 5 ppm

Typical homogeneity to 50 x 50 x 45 cm≤ 1.8 ppm

Helium Save technology Yes (Zero boiloff)

Cryogen boil-off rate 0.0 I / hr *



One last setback 6th Febuary 2012

It has now been decided by the Executive Board that the renovation planned in connection to the upcoming MRI scanner should be postponed until department X can relocated.

Hence delivery of the scanner is postponed until in early 2013.

It is assumed that the building plans are completed so the project can easily be resumed in the autumn.

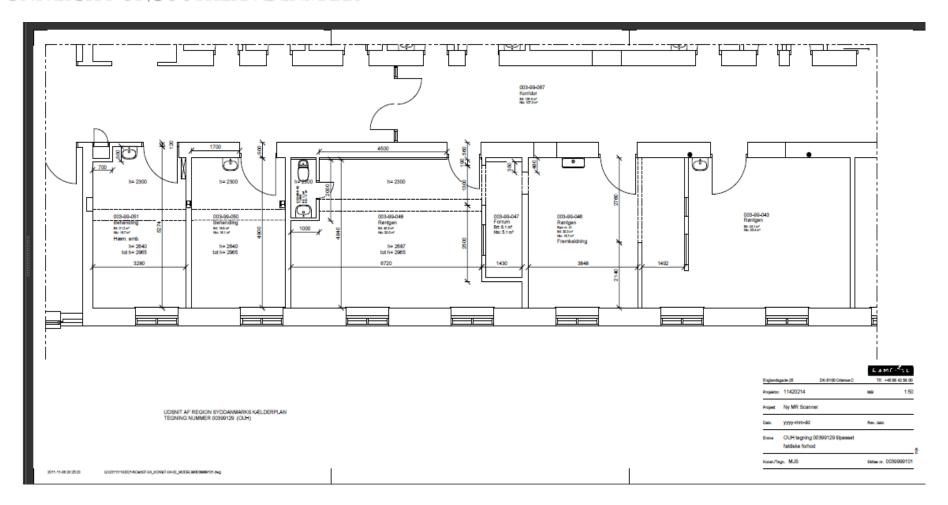
Time Plan

Establishment af building site	90 days Thu 28-02-13 Fri 12-07-13
Udv. Pipework (sewerage /cooling)	6 days Fri 08-03-13 Fri 15-03-13
Establishment af courtyard	83 days Thu 07-03-13 Wed 10-07-13
Façade 75 days 27 Indgangshul.	Tue 02-04-13 Fri 19-07-13
Access to building for bringing in scanner	3 days Tue 02-04-13 Thu 04-04-13
Establishment rårum for MR scanner	6 days Mon 20-05-13 Mon 27-05-13
Establishment af Forberedelserum	76,5 days
Establishment af teknikrum	13 days Tue 28-05-13 Mon 17-06-13
Levering / indbringning af MR magnet	Tue 02-07-13 Tue 02-07-13
Installation af MR scanner	10 days Tue 02-07-13 Mon 15-07-13
Applications start / Idriftsætning commissioning af scanner	5 days Mon 15-07-13 Fri 19-07-13

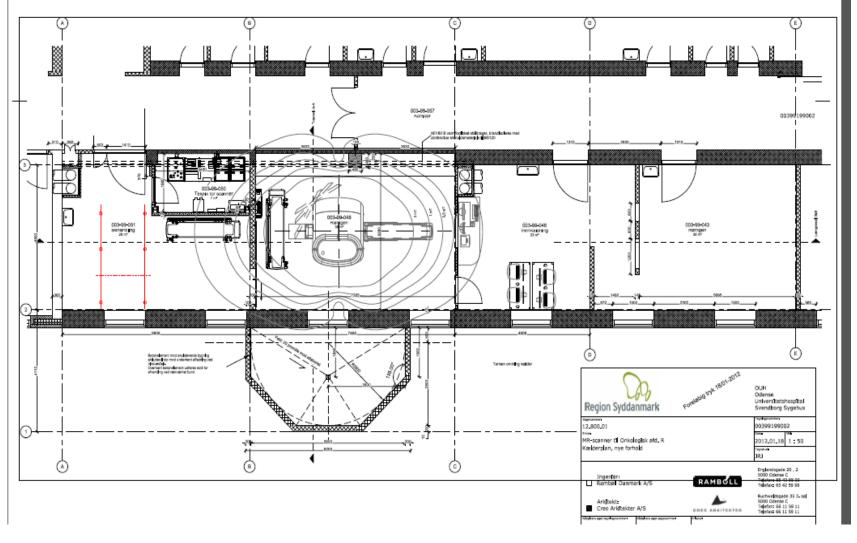












University of Southern Denmark





Summer 2013



University of Southern Denmark









Patient catagory for MR-simulation

Curative prostata cancer

Curative head and neck cancer

Curative head (Stereotactic treatment)

Curative rectum cancer

Curative pancreas cancer

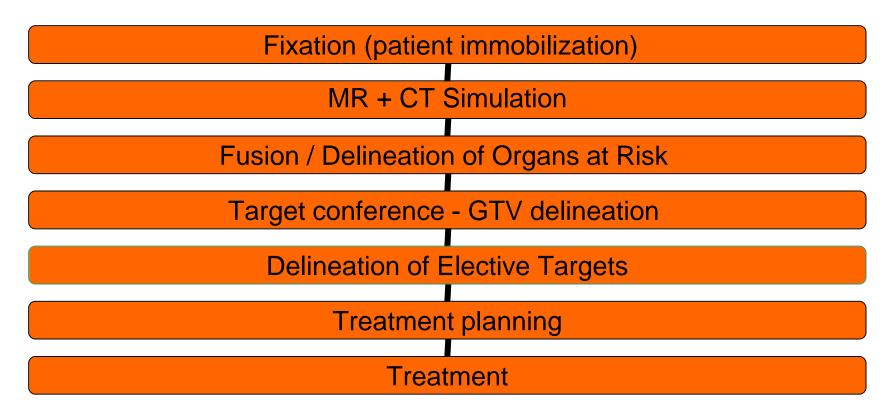
Curative liver cancer (Stereotactic treatment)

Curative Vesicae cancer

Curative gynaecologal cancer (internal and external treatment)

Palliative bone metastaser (Stereotactic treatment)

MR-RT Work flow



Staffing and training

1 Department technician ,2 Physicists + 2 Radiographers responsible for the scanner.

Patient scanning with one Radiographer from Radiotherapy and one from the Diagnostic department.

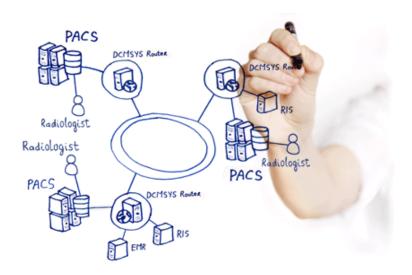
On site MR-RT training for Radiographers with Philips technical specialist (included with the purchase of the scanner)

MRI in Practice Course 2013 for Radiographers and Physicists

Off site training/courses for departments Technician

Booking

Radiotherapy departements secretaries (MOSAIQ®) working in conjunction with Department of Radiology's booking secretaries (RIS PACS)



Radiotherapy sends all referrals to Radiology secretaries for booking Every month extract a list from Mosaiq with Social Security numbers of our patients

Also a list for those who have received contrast and those who have not

Problems with booking

First patient 07.45am, secretaries not at the desk

Head and neck treatment / treatment start guarantee (5 days)

3-4 patients daily /some days none

Brachytherapy (PDR) never on time

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Obsticles when scanning

No time allowed for unseen problems

Reffrrels not correct

Patients not informed

Placing an intravenous needle in the patient

Blood test results

Patient performance status not known

Pacemaker

Claustrophobic patients

Immobilization techniques

Unnecessary scans (c recti)

Not possible to delay or move the time of scanning Always under pressure to be finished 10:30 am

Protocols/Sequences, what to use?

Initial protocols set up with help of Phillips application specialist and Department of Radiology

Inexperienced staff

Protocols/ always new sequences and need for optimizing (eg Prstate,Neck + Gd)

Feedback from doctors /Radiotherapy and Radiology

Doctors inexperienced with MRI

Scan Time Restrictions

Poor performance status/elderly

Immobilization methods can be very uncomfortable.

Limit scanning time (less than 20 min)

Limited scan slots



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MT + CT Simulation









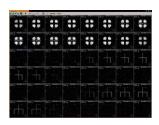
Extra trolley for transport of Brachyterapi



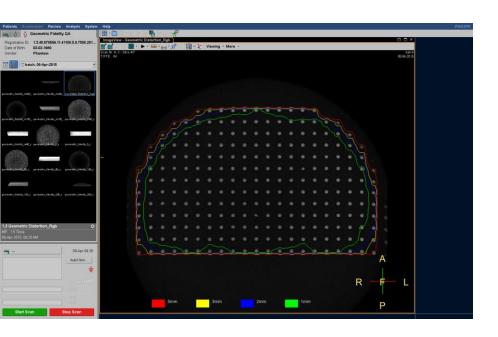








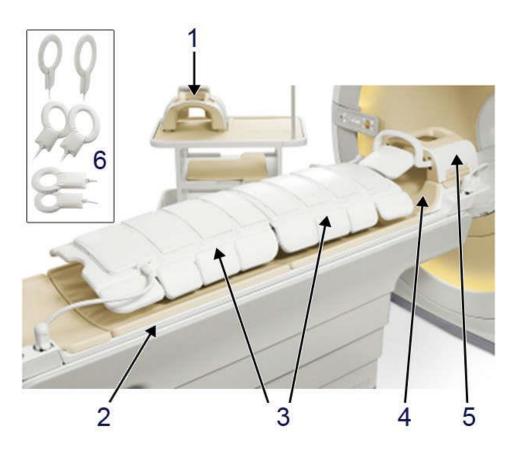
Geometric QA test





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Dedicated coils



Coils making up the Integrated Coil Solutions:

1-Head top coil,

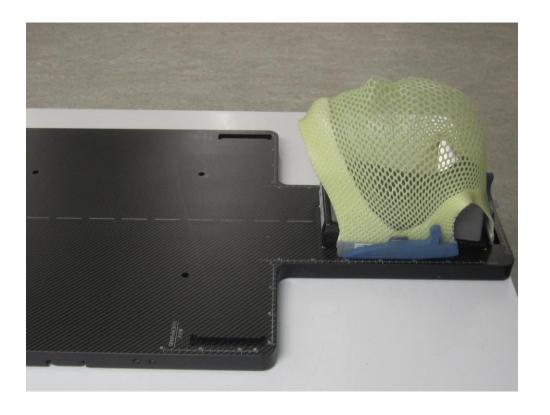
2 -Posterior coil (built-in coil in patient support),

3 -2 x Anterior coil, 4 -Base coil, 5 -HeadNeck top coil, 6 -Flex coil in 3 sizes.



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Head & HeadNeck

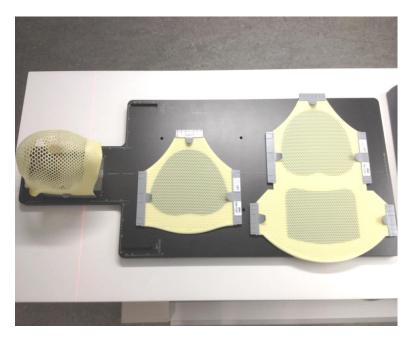














Flat table top/ support blocks increase distance to table coil

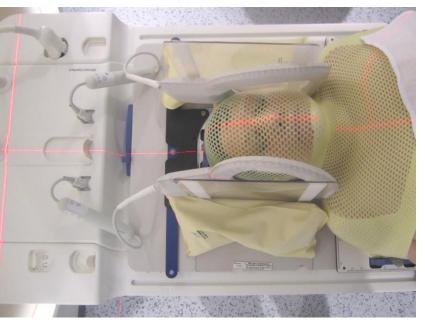
MR simulation 1.3 cm Ct and Treatment 3cm







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Scanning below the shoulders without stopping the scan and repositioning the coils





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Scanning of the Pelvis / Abdomen











Long scanning times when scanning upper abdomen, eg. Curative liver cancer (movement of the diaphragm)

Use of the anterier coil support bridge increases distance from the subject being scanned.

Alternative, placing coil directly on the subject (possibly with use of straps) could cause deformation/ compression of organs. (to be tested)







RT Immobilization Equipment





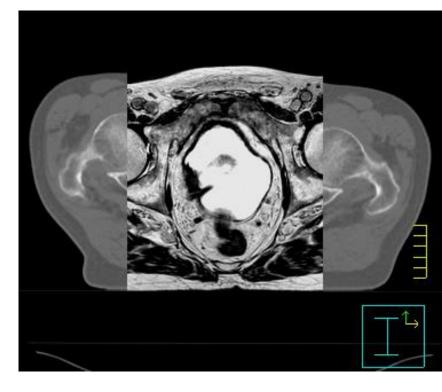


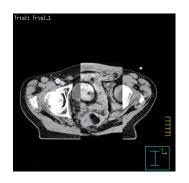


MRI fusion med CT, Then and Now

Only c. prostata, liver and pancreas patients were MR scanned by the diagnostic department using our immobilization techniques

Head, neck and lung fusioned with PET

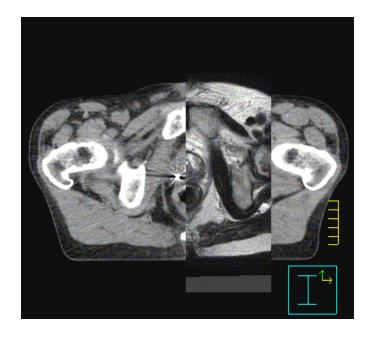










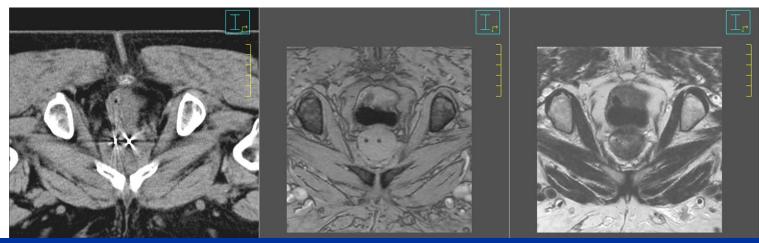


Matching with the help of markers

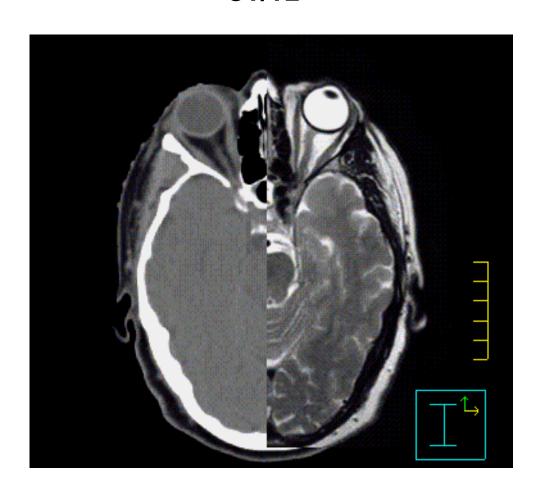
Prostate

Liver

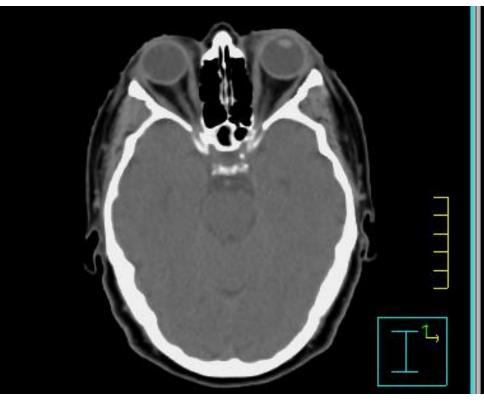
Pancreas



Deliniation CT/T2

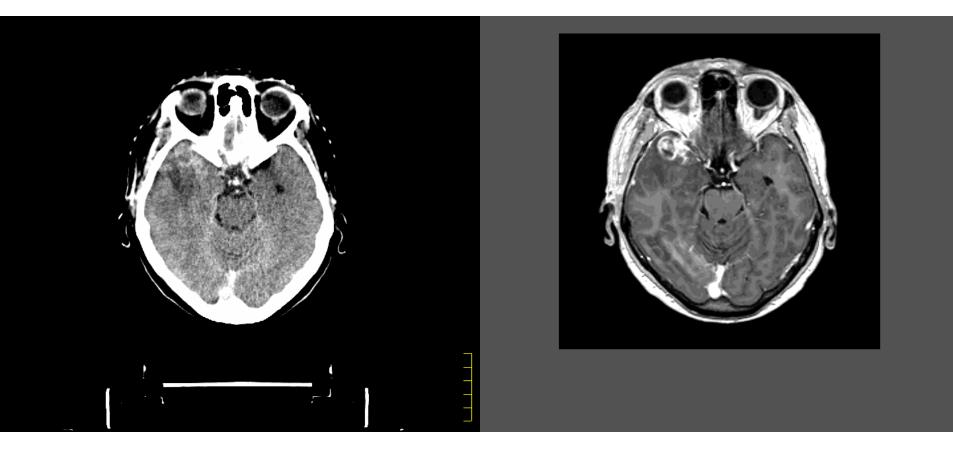




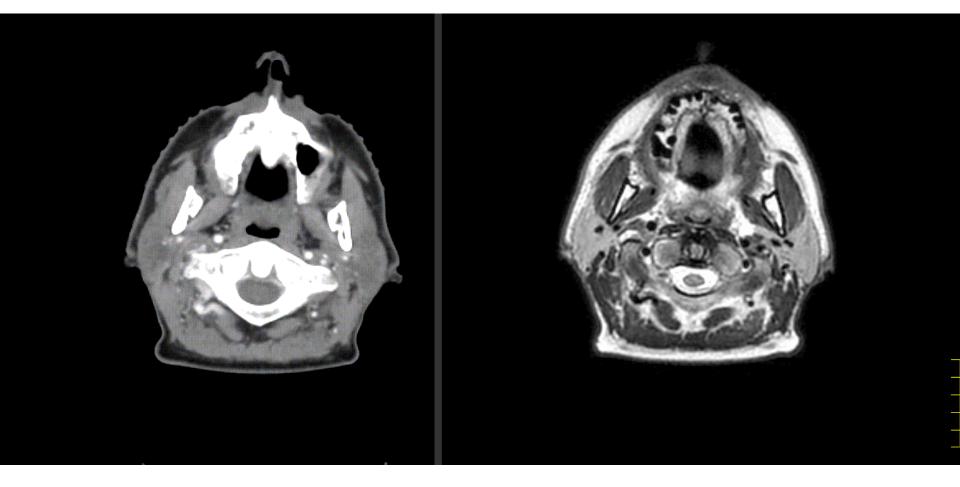




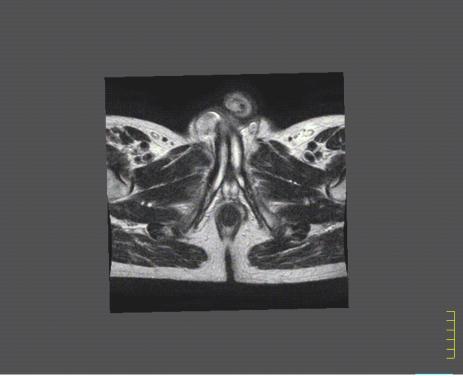
CT T1

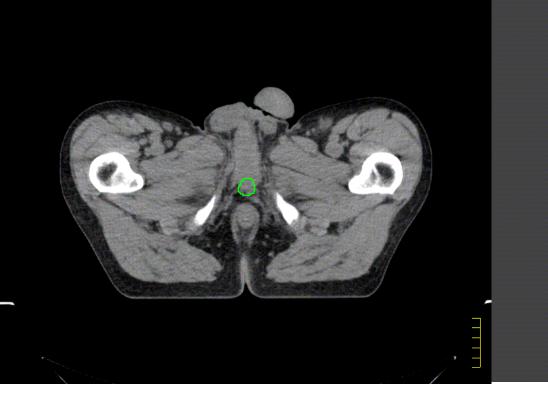


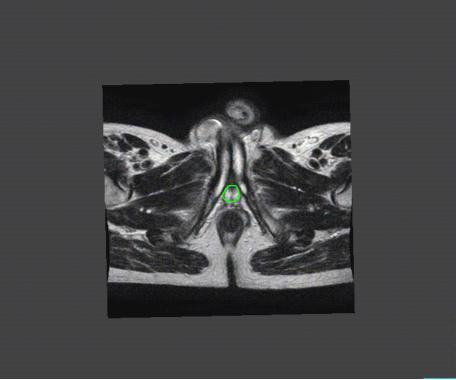
CT T2



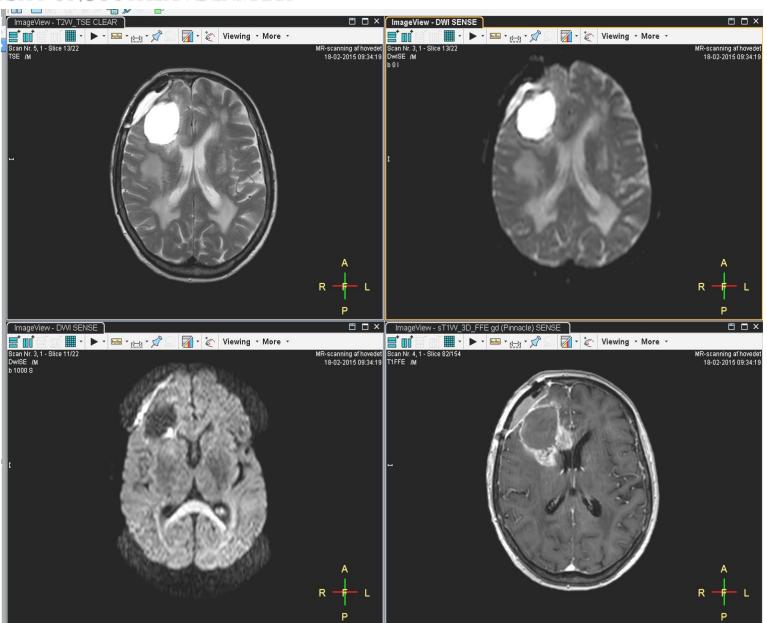




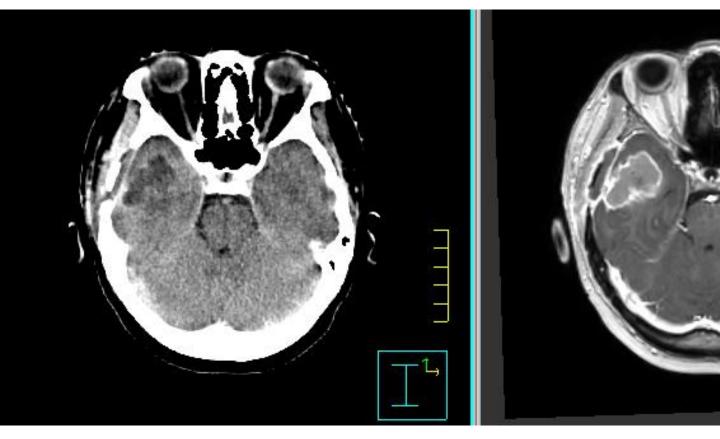




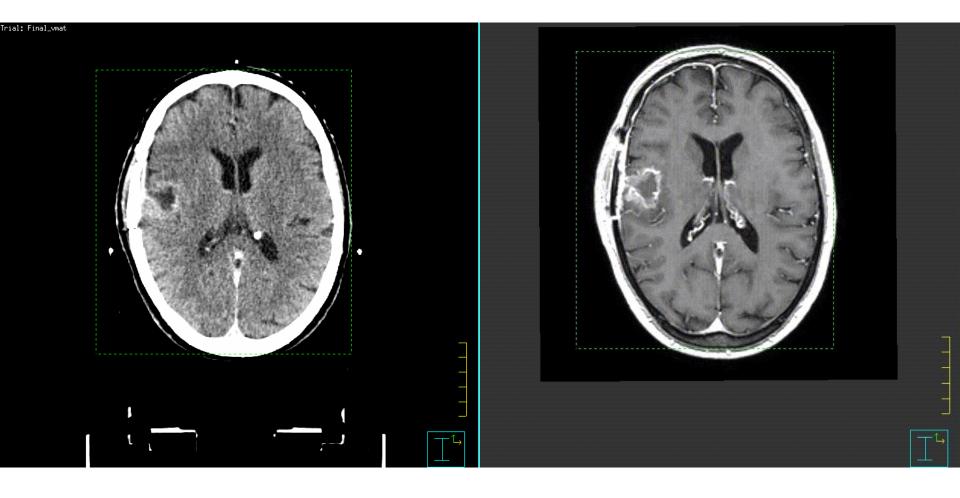




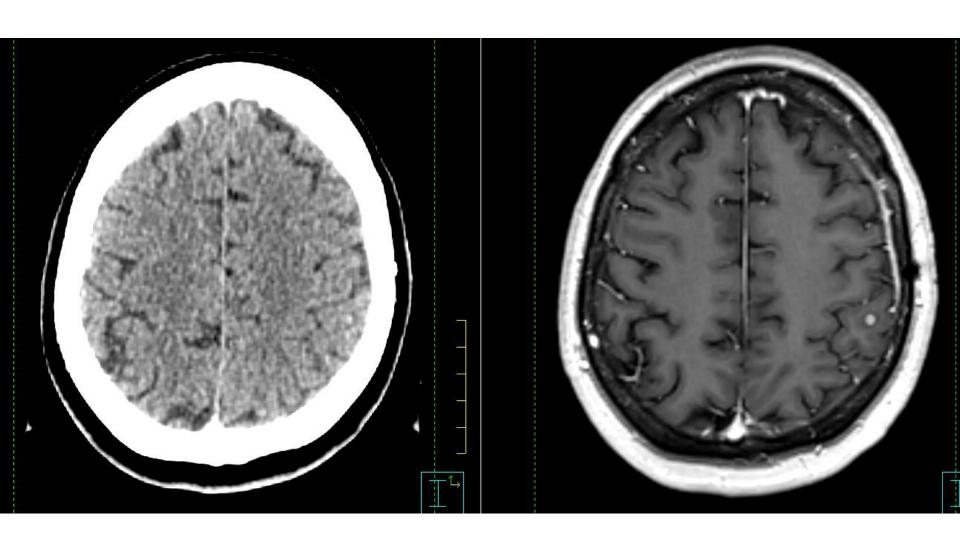




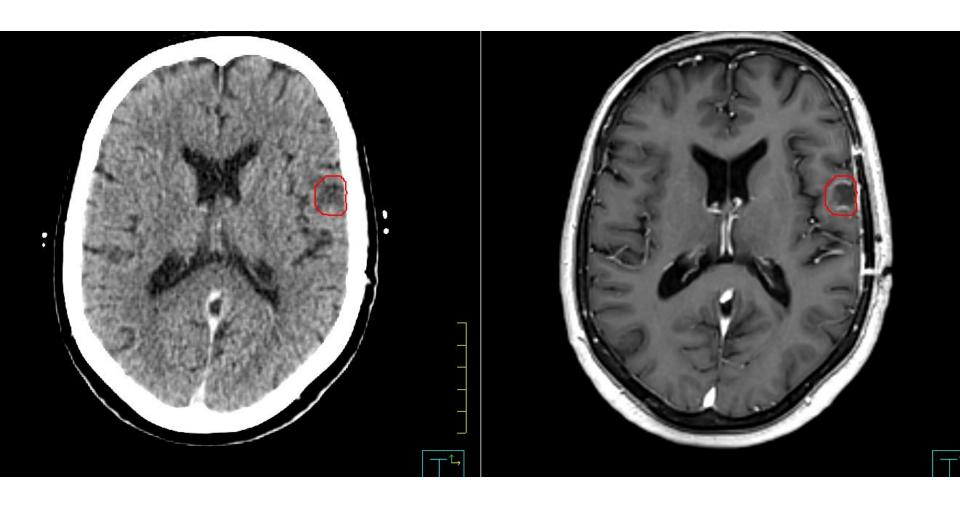




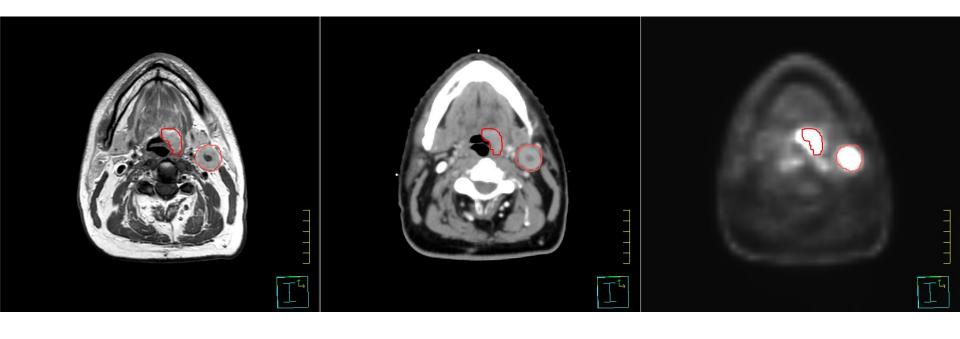






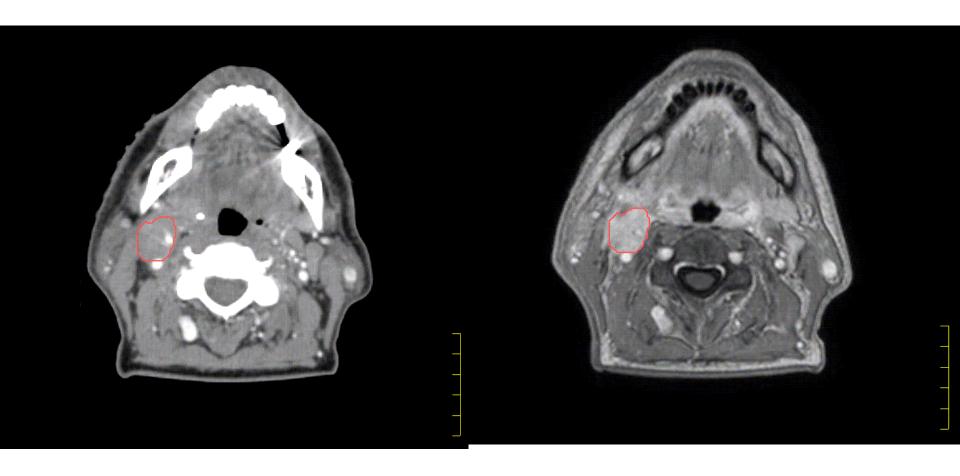




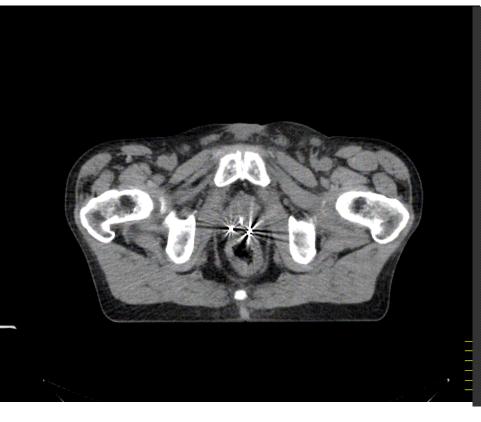


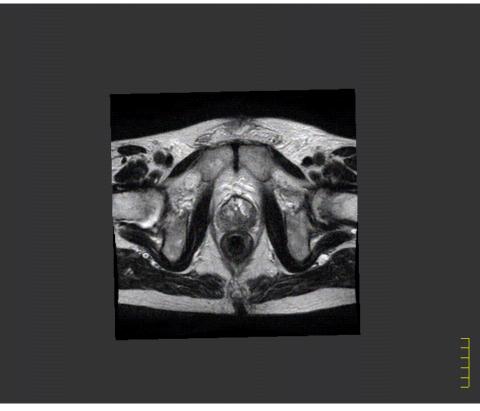
CT

T1

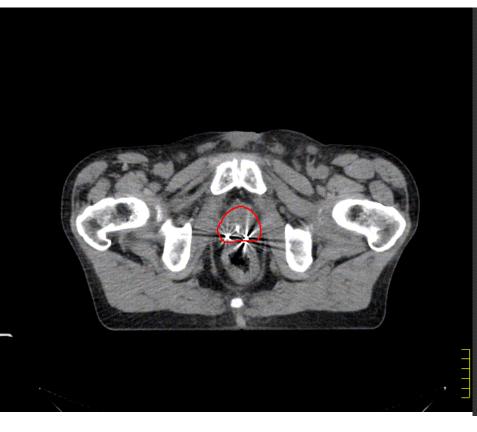


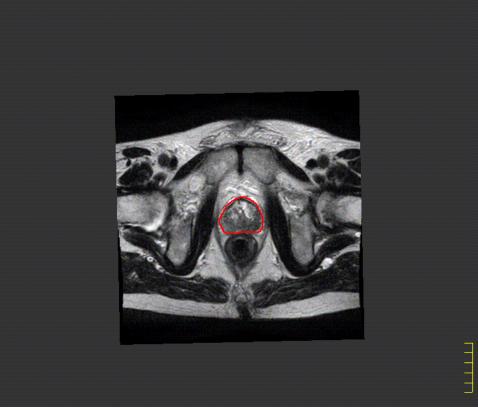
CT T2



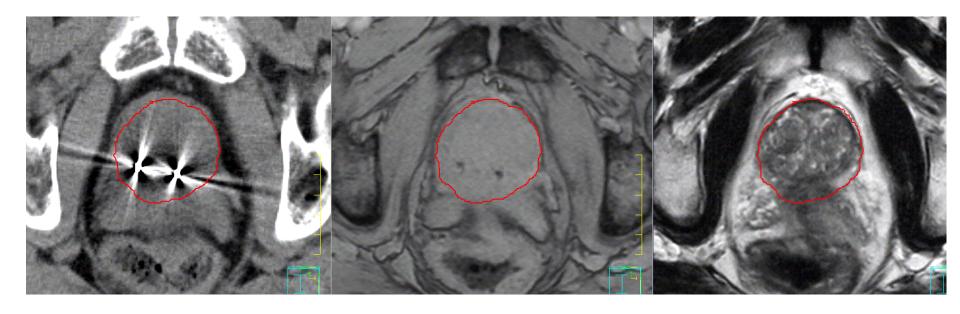


CT T2

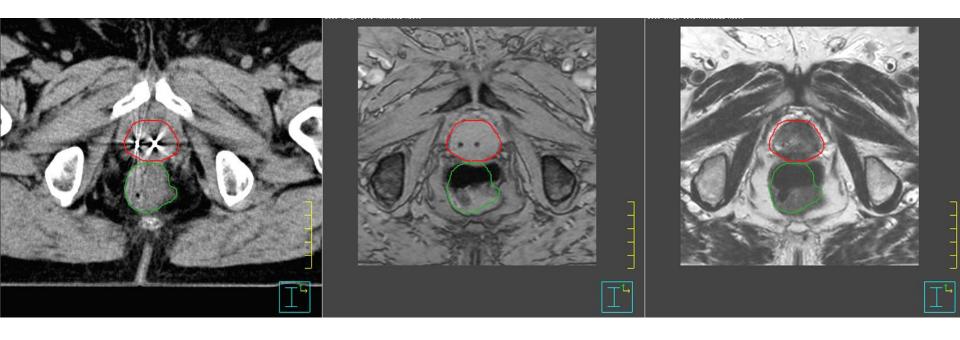




Problems with Deliniation



CT T2* T2



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Head and Neck

All Cancer Prostata

Palliative Patients

Protocols/ new sequences and optimizing

Reaserch

MRCAT (MR for Calculating Attenuation)

PHILIPS

Solution with MR-only simulation for a simplified workflow

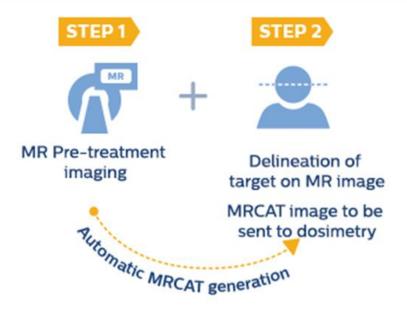
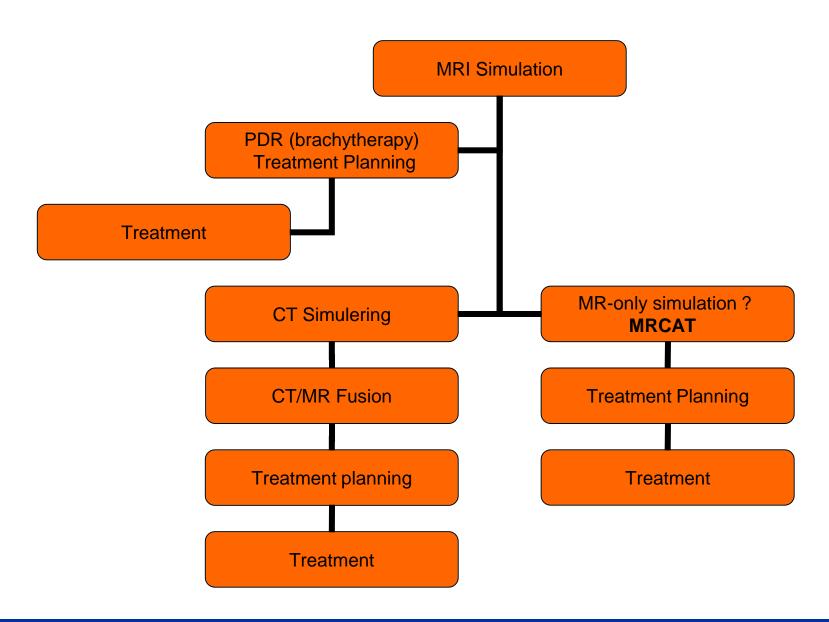


Figure 1 shows the current CT & MR workflow for RT treatment planning

Figure 2 shows the workflow with MR-only simulation for RT treatment planning







Production numbers from 01-01-2014 to 31-12-2014

Skanninger		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Maj	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Okt	Nov	Dec	Total
CT	CT Normalsim	108	91	111	93	91	97	100	120	109	105	96	96	1.217
	CT Røntgensin	85	79	92	85	80	110	110	91	101	91	81	101	1.106
	Resimuleringer	3	6	2	1	5	5	3	7	5	7	6	2	52
	PET simulering	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Total	196	176	205	179	176	213	213	218	215	203	183	199	2.376
MR	MR	12	26	24	36	21	35	26	26	35	28	28	20	317
	MR +kontrast	22	14	20	16	14	16	20	13	15	21	12	27	210
	Total	34	40	44	52	35	51	46	39	50	49	40	47	527
PET	PET simulering	3	3	4	5	5	4	0	0	3	2	0	4	33
	Total	3	3	4	5	5	4	0	0	3	2	0	4	33

We want the scanner to ourselves!

